

# Different Places, Similar Lives

## UK



**Continent:** Europe

**Capital city:** London

**Population:** 67 million

**Neighbouring countries:** France, Germany, Belgium, Denmark, The Netherlands and Ireland

**Summer months:** June to August

**Natural resources:** coal, land, natural gas, wind

**Food/water:** UK imports food from South Africa (nuts, fruit)

## South Africa



**Continent:** Africa

**Capital city:** Pretoria

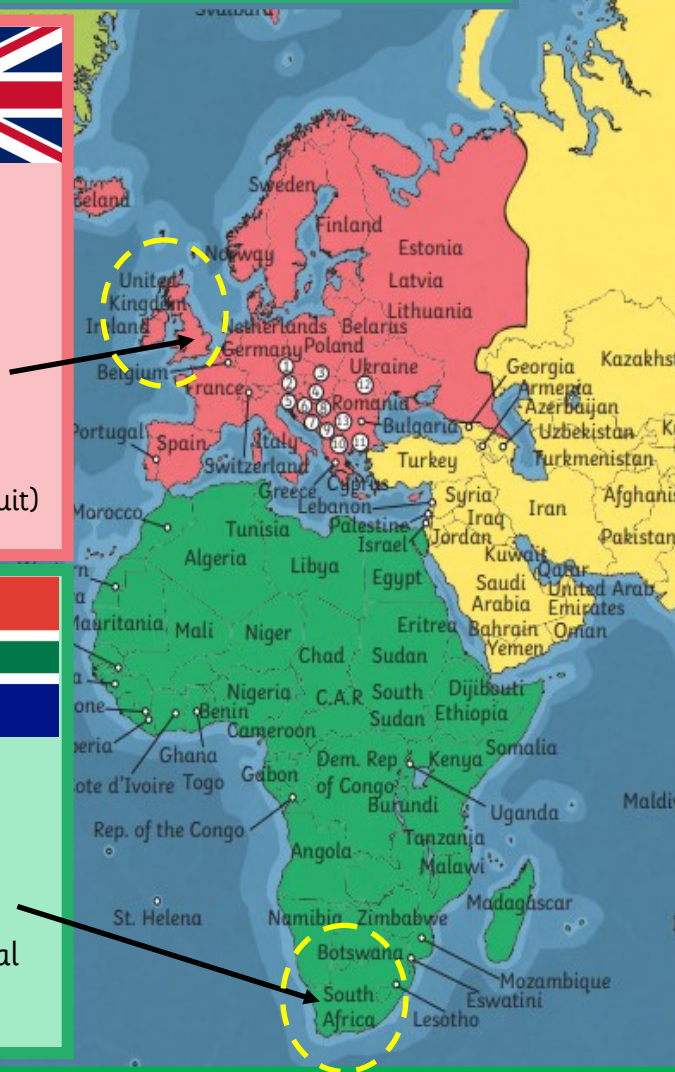
**Population:** 60 million

**Neighbouring countries:** borders 6 other countries

**Summer months:** November to April

**Natural resources:** platinum, diamonds, chromium, coal

**Food/water:** sometimes affected by drought



Across the world, each country has its own **values**, **cultures** and **beliefs** but we are all human and have similarities as well as differences. We will be exploring the **similarities** and **differences** between the UK and South Africa.

**Human geography** is the study of where people live, what they do and how they use their land.



**Physical geography** is the study of the earth's natural features such as mountains, rivers, deserts and oceans.



Some food comes from the UK but some food that cannot be grown in the UK is **imported** from other countries.



## Key Vocabulary

**Europe** - the continent we live in

**UK** - the country we live in

**natural resources** - materials found naturally that can be used or sold

**drought** - low rainfall leading to a shortage of water

**population** - the number of people living in a particular place

**border** - a line separating 2 countries

**import** - to bring things into a country to sell

**export** - to send things out of a country to sell